## CEDAW: A UN Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women.

CEDAW (Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women) is a human rights treaty, the only one that focuses on the rights of women. Over 180 nations have ratified CEDAW including Australia, Brazil, Chile, Ireland, Iraq, Italy, Morocco, Nigeria, South Africa, and Sweden. The United States is one of only a handful of states that have NOT. These are Iran, Sudan, Somalia, the Holy See, and two small Pacific Island nations: Palau and Tonga.

It is ironic that the United States has not ratified CEDAW: The United States was instrumental in drafting CEDAW at the UN. In 1980 President Jimmy Carter signed CEDAW and sent it to the Senate, the body responsible for ratifying a treaty or convention. Since that time the Senate Foreign Relations Committee considered the treaty twice and both times in a bi-partisan way voted in favor of it. It has never reached the floor of the Senate where, in order to be ratified, two-thirds of the Senate needs to vote in favor of it.

Some conservatives take a religious stance against CEDAW arguing that its passage would mean changing US laws to further a liberal agenda and to facilitate abortion. It has been pointed out, however, that there are very conservative countries, both Christian and Moslem, e.g. Ireland and Saudi Arabia, that have ratified CEDAW. Presidents Ronald Reagan and George Herbert Bush opposed ratification; President Barack Obama is in favor of ratification

June 24, 2015 Senator Barbara Boxer held a Senate Foreign Relations Subcommittee hearing on International Operations and Organizations, Human Rights, Democracy, and Global Women's Issues focusing on violence against girls and women. An unprecedented number of women senators testified and Senator Boxer noted that it was "ridiculous" and "embarrassing" that CEDAW has not been ratified by the United States.

In 2014, the movement Cities-for-CEDAW which involves the adoption of CEDAW as a city ordinance was born. It held a conference in January, 2015. Among the cities participating were Kansas City, Louisville, New York City, Raleigh and Washington, DC. Over <u>150</u> organizations including the American Bar Association, American Anthropological Association, NAACP, YWCA, and Unitarian Universalist UN Office officially support CEDAW. At its 82<sup>nd</sup> annual meeting in 2014, the <u>United States Conference of Mayors passed a</u> resolution in support of CEDAW and urged U.S. cities to adopt it as an ordinance.

What does ratification of CEDAW or its adoption as an ordinance mean? The official acceptance of CEDAW provides a legal basis for fighting gender inequality. In the last few years, activists in the African nation of Mozambique identified patrilineal inheritance, that is inheritance through the male line, as fostering gender inequality and perpetuating poverty among women. They used the nation's adoption of CEDAW to win their case. Now women and men are by law equal and have equal access to inheritance, particularly land, a

critical source of food. In Los Angeles where CEDAW was adopted as a city ordinance, it was determined that the location and number of street lights meant that women and men are unequal at night with respect to their physical security. Lighting was improved once this was determined.

Major issues that CEDAW could help address in the United States include:

- --Violence against women, particularly domestic violence.
- --Pay Equity.
- --Paid parental leave for both parents in all lines of work.
- --Sex and Labor Trafficking

Some sources:

Cities for CEDAW tool kit (<u>http://citiesforcedaw.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/05/CEDAW-toolkit May-2016.pdf</u>) includes a fact sheet: <u>https://citiesforcedaw.files.wordpress.com/2014/06/cities-for-cedaw-fact-sheet 0-2.pdf</u>

Senate Foreign Relations Subcommittee hearing on combating violence against women. <u>http://www.foreign.senate.gov/hearings/combating-violence-and-discrimination-against-women-a-global-call-to-action-06-24-14</u>

CEDAW Task Force of The Leadership Conference on Civil and Human Rights <a href="http://www.cedaw2015.org/">http://www.cedaw2015.org/</a>

The Feminist Majority http://www.feminist.org/news/pdfs/CEDAW 2014FMF.pdf

Cities for CEDAW Facebook <a href="https://www.facebook.com/cities4CEDAW/timeline?ref=page\_internal">https://www.facebook.com/cities4CEDAW/timeline?ref=page\_internal</a>

Cities for CEDAW <a href="https://citiesforcedaw.wordpress.com/">https://citiesforcedaw.wordpress.com/</a>

Why the United States should ratify CEDAW <u>http://www.wunrn.com/news/2013/06 13/06 03/060313 usa3.htm</u>

Wright, Wendy (5-7-2010) Concerned Women of America Why the U.S. Has Not – and Should Not – Ratify CEDAW - See more at: <u>http://www.cwfa.org/why-the-u-s-has-not-and-should-not-ratify-cedaw/#sthash.PLzZftTI.dpuf</u>



## **Organizations in Support of CEDAW**

- 1. ACT for Women and Girls
- 2. ADVANCE
- 3. Advocates for Youth
- 4. Alaska Federation of Natives
- 5. American Anthropological Association
- 6. American Association of University Women
- 7. American Baptist Women's Ministries
- 8. American Bar Association
- 9. American Civil Liberties Union
- 10. American Federation of Teachers
- 11. American Friends Service Committee
- 12. American Islamic Congress
- 13. American Jewish Committee
- 14. American Jewish World Service
- 15. American Library Association
- 16. American Psychiatric Association
- 17. American Psychological Association
- 18. Amnesty International USA
- 19. Anti-Defamation League
- 20. Asian American Justice Center
- 21. The Association for Women in Psychology
- 22. Better World Campaign
- 23. Black Women United for Action
- 24. Business And Professional Women/USA
- 25. Cardea Center for Women
- 26. CARE USA
- 27. Catholics for Choice
- 28. CEDPA
- 29. Center for American Progress
- 30. Center for Health and Gender Equity
- 31. Center for International Policy
- 32. Center for Reproductive Rights
- 33. Center for Women Policy Studies
- 34. Center for Women's Global Leadership

- 35. Church Women United
- 36. Church World Service
- 37. Citizens for Global Solutions
- 38. Clearinghouse on Women's Issues
- 39. Coalition of Labor Union Women
- 40. Coalition to Stop Violence Against Native Women
- 41. Communications Consortium Media Center
- 42. The Communications Workers of America
- 43. Congregation of the Sisters of St. Agnes
- 44. Connect US
- 45. CRISIS: Global Public Health
- 46. Delta Sigma Theta Sorority
- 47. Department for Professional Employees, AFL-CIO
- 48. Department on the Status of Women, San Francisco
- 49. Demos
- 50. Disability Rights Education and Defense Fund
- 51. Enterprising and Professional Women of the United States of America
- 52. The Episcopal Church USA
- 53. Equal Justice Society
- 54. Equality Now
- 55. Family Violence Prevention Fund
- 56. Federally Employed Women
- 57. Federation of American Women's Clubs Overseas
- 58. Feminist Majority
- 59. Friends Committee on National Legislation
- 60. Geena Davis Institute on Gender and Media
- 61. Gender Action
- 62. General Federation of Women's Clubs
- 63. Georgetown University Law Center Women's Legal Alliance
- 64. Global Fund for Women
- 65. Global Justice Ministry, Metropolitan Community Churches
- 66. Global Rights: Partners for Justice
- 67. Global Summit of Women
- 68. Gray Panthers
- 69. Hadassah, The Women's Zionist Organization of America
- 70. Heifer International
- 71. Human Rights Advocates
- 72. Human Rights Ahead
- 73. Human Rights First
- 74. Human Rights Coalition of North Carolina
- 75. Human Rights Watch
- 76. The Hunger Project

- 77. In Every Language
- 78. Institute for Science and Human Values
- 79. Interaction
- 80. Interfaith Center, New York City
- 81. International Center for Research on Women
- 82. International Convocation of Unitarian Universalist Women
- 83. International Gay and Lesbian Human Rights Commission
- 84. International Labor Rights Forum
- 85. International Women's Health Coalition
- 86. International Women's Rights Action Watch
- 87. Ipas
- 88. Just Associates (JASS)
- 89. Jewish Council for Public Affairs
- 90. Jewish Women International
- 91. Joint Action Committee for Political Affairs
- 92. Lawyers Committee for Civil Rights Under Law
- 93. The Leadership Conference on Civil and Human Rights
- 94. Leadership Council on Human Rights
- 95. League of Women Voters of the United States
- 96. Legal Momentum
- 97. Lummi Victims of Crime Program
- 98. MADRE
- 99. Maryknoll Office of Global Concerns
- 100. MomsRising.org
- 101. Ms. Foundation for Women
- 102. NAACP
- 103. Na'amat USA
- 104. National Asian Pacific American Women's Forum
- 105. National Association of Commissions for Women
- 106. National Association of Social Workers
- 107. 9to5 National Association of Working Women
- 108. National Coalition Against Domestic Violence
- 109. National Committee on CEDAW
- 110. National Conference for Community and Justice
- 111. National Conference of Puerto Rican Women
- 112. National Congress of American Indians
- 113. National Council of Churches USA, Women's Ministries
- 114. National Council of Jewish Women 115. National Council of La Raza
- 116. National Council of Negro Women
- 117. National Council of Women's Organizations
- 118. National Education Association
- 119. National Employment Lawyers Association

- 120. National Health Law Program
- 121. National Law Center on Homelessness and Poverty
- 122. National Lawyers Guild
- 123. National Network to End Domestic Violence
- 124. National Organization for Women
- 125. National Partnership for Women and Families
- 126. National Spiritual Assembly of the Baha'is of the United States
- 127. National Women and AIDS Collective
- 128. National Women's Law Center
- 129. National Women's Political Caucus
- 130. NETWORK, A National Catholic Social Justice Lobby
- 131. The Newspaper Guild
- 132. Older Women's League
- 133. Open Society Policy Center
- 134. Physicians for Human Rights
- 135. Planned Parenthood Federation of America
- 136. Presbyterian Church USA
- 137. Project Kesher
- 138. Refugee Women's Network
- 139. Refugees International
- 140. Religious Action Center
- 141. Robert F. Kennedy Memorial Center for Human Rights
- 142. Sargent Shriver National Center on Poverty Law
- 143. Service Employees International Union
- 144. Service Women's Action Network
- 145. Sigma Delta Epsilon/Graduate Women in Science
- 146. Sisters of Mercy
- 147. SisterSong
- 148. Soroptimist International of the Americas
- 149. 149. Strong Hearted Native Women's Coalition, Inc.
- 150. Tahirih Justice Center
- 151. TransAfrica Forum
- 152. Unitarian Universalist Association of Congregations
- 153. United Church of Christ
- 154. United Methodist Church, General Board of Church & Society
- 155. United Methodist Women
- 156. United Nations Association, USA
- 157. United Nations Foundation
- 158. United States Committee for UNIFEM
- 159. United States Human Rights Network
- 160. Urban Justice Center
- 161. US Women and Cuba Collaboration

- 162. US Women Connect
- 163. Vital Voices
- 164. WAND
- 165. Washington Office on Latin America
- 166. WILD for Human Rights
- 167. WITNESS Woman's National Democratic Club
- 168. Women Donors Network
- 169. Women for Women International 172. Women Graduates USA
- 173. Women of Color Policy Network
- 174. Women of Reform Judaism 175. WomenNC
- 176. Women Thrive Worldwide
- 177. Women's Business Development Center
- 178. Women's City Club of New York
- 179. Women's Environment and Development Organization
- 180. Women's Intercultural Network
- 181. Women's International League for Peace and Freedom, U.S. Section
- 182. Women's Learning Partnership
- 183. Women's Missionary Society of the African Methodist Episcopal Church
- 183. Women's Refugee Commission
- 184. Women's Research and Education Institute
- 185. Women's UN Report Network
- 186. World Rights
- 187. World Without Genocide
- 188. YWCA
- 189. Zonta International

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